TRANSMITTAL SHEET FOR NOTICE OF INTENDED ACTION

<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Department	or Agency Envi	ronmental Management
335-7-2	04			
		nic Chemical (SOCs) Standards	and Monitoring
New	X	Amend	Repeal	Adopt by Reference
			alth,	YES
e power a	nd the p	rotection of the	e	YES
			otect	NO
creasing	the costs	s of any go <mark>ods</mark> o	ectly or r	NO
the harm	that mi	ght result from		NO
e purpose	of, and	so they have, as		YES
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				NO
sed rule h d by a fiso	as an ec	conomic impact, prepared in acc	the proposed rule	e is required to be
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s of Chap e filing re	ter 22, T quireme	Title 41, Code of	Alabama 1975, a	nd that it conforms to
certifying	gofficer	Many	2 Elliots	<u></u>
20, 2012			**************************************	Stang ferm
	Synther Require New bsence of harm or afety? asonable e power a h, safety, ther, less vailable to posed ru creasing to olved and ase in cost the harm he propose the purpose of, the proposed rule of the proposed rule	New X beence of the proper tharm or endanger afety? asonable relation to power and the proposed rule have creasing the costs olved and, if so, to ase in cost, if any, the harm that mishe proposed rule as of the rulemaking purpose of, and ct, the protection to posed rule have as of the rulemaking purpose of, and ct, the protection the proposed rule have as of the rulemaking purpose of and ct, the protection the proposed rule have as of the rulemaking purpose of and ct, the protection the protection the protection the proposed rule have as of the attached proposed rule has an end by a fiscal note ode of Alabama 19 the proposed rule has an end by a fiscal note of the attached proposed rule attached proposed rule attached proposed rule attached proposed filing requirement attached proposed rule	Synthetic Organic Chemical (Requirements New X Amend besence of the proposed rule harm or endanger the public here has a sonable relationship between the power and the protection of the h, safety, or welfare? ther, less restrictive method of vailable that could adequately proposed rule have the effect of directoreasing the costs of any goods of olved and, if so, to what degree? ase in cost, if any, more harmful to the harm that might result from the proposed rule? so of the rulemaking process designed purpose of, and so they have, as cet, the protection of the public? beginning the costs of any goods of the rulemaking process designed purpose of, and so they have, as cet, the protection of the public? controlled the proposed rule has an economic impact, do by a fiscal note prepared in accorder of Alabama 1975. controlled the attached proposed rule has a sof Chapter 22, Title 41, Code of the filing requirements of the Administration of the Chapter 22, Title 41, Code of the filing requirements of the Administration of the Code o	Synthetic Organic Chemical (SOCs) Standards Requirements New X Amend Repeal absence of the proposed rule tharm or endanger the public health, afety? assonable relationship between the ender power and the protection of the hand, safety, or welfare? ther, less restrictive method of evailable that could adequately protect asse in cost, if any, more harmful to the endand, if so, to what degree? asse in cost, if any, more harmful to the ender the harm that might result from the here proposed rule? as of the rulemaking process designed ender purpose of, and so they have, as their ct, the protection of the public? assed rule has an economic impact, the proposed rule do by a fiscal note prepared in accordance with substanded of Alabama 1975. The standard Official at the attached proposed rule has been proposed in a effiling requirements of the Administrative Procedulater and the standard Science and Science and Science and Science are filling requirements of the Administrative Procedulater and Science and Scienc

Date Filed

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT WATER DIVISION

NOTICE OF INTENDED ACTION

RULE NO. & TITLE: 335-7-203 Inorganic Chemical Standards and Monitoring Requirement (Amend) 335-7-204 Synthetic Chemical (SOCs) Standards and Monitoring Requirements (Amend) 335-7-208 Radionuclide Standards and Monitoring Requirements (Amend) 335-7-209 Maximum Residual Disinfection Levels and Monitoring Requirements (MRDLs) (Amend) 335-7-212 Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (Amend) Operational Evaluation Level (Amend)	AGENCY NAME:	DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT			
Synthetic Chemical (SOCs) Standards and Monitoring Requirements (Amend) 335-7-208 Radionuclide Standards and Monitoring Requirements (Amend) 335-7-209 Maximum Residual Disinfection Levels and Monitoring Requirements (MRDLs) (Amend) 335-7-212 Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (Amend)	RULE NO. & TITLE:	335-7-203			
335-7-208 Radionuclide Standards and Monitoring Requirements (Amend) Maximum Residual Disinfection Levels and Monitoring Requirements (MRDLs) (Amend) Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (Amend)		335-7-204	Synthetic Chemical (SOCs) Standards and		
Requirements (Amend) 335-7-209 Maximum Residual Disinfection Levels and Monitoring Requirements (MRDLs) (Amend) Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (Amend)					
335-7-209 <u>Maximum Residual Disinfection Levels and Monitoring Requirements (MRDLs)</u> (Amend) 335-7-212 <u>Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts</u> (Amend)		335-7-208			
Monitoring Requirements (MRDLs) (Amend) Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (Amend)					
335-7-212 Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (Amend)		335-7-209			
			Monitoring Requirements (MRDLs) (Amend)		
335-7-216 Operational Evaluation Level (Amend)			Stage 2 Disinfection Byproducts (Amend)		
		335-7-216	Operational Evaluation Level (Amend)		

INTENDED ACTION: The Alabama Department of Environmental Management proposes to revise division 335-7, Public Water Supply.

SUBSTANCE OR PROPOSED ACTION: Revisions to rules 335-7-2-.03(4) (g), 335-7-2-.03 (5) (e), 335-7-2-.04(1) and 335-7-2-.08(1) are being proposed to make clarifications and administrative changes. Revisions to rules 335-7-2-.09(2) (a), 335-7-2-.12(a) 4, and 335-7-2-.16 (5) are being made for technical changes.

TIME, PLACE, MANNER OF PRESENTING VIEWS: Comments may be submitted in writing at the offices of the Alabama Department of Environmental Management, 1400 Coliseum Blvd, Montgomery, AL 36109 or by mail to P.O. Box 301463, Montgomery, AL 36130-1463.

FINAL DATE FOR COMMENT AND COMPLETION OF NOTICE: August 3, 2012 at 5:00~p.m.

CONTACT PERSON AT AGENCY: George M. Cox, Section Chief

Groundwater Section [334/271-7778]

Mainly Elliott
Lance R. Let leur

Director

335-7-2-.04 Synthetic Organic Chemical (SOCs) Standards and Monitoring Requirements.

(1) The following are the MCLs for synthetic organic chemicals SOCs:

Contaminant	MCL (mg/L)
Alachlor	0.002
Atrazine	0.002
Carbofuran	0.003
Chlordane	0.002
Dibromochloropropane	0.0002
2,4-D	0.0002
Endrin	0.002
Ethylene Dibromide	0.00005
Heptachlor	0.0003
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.0004
Lindane	0.0002
Methoxychlor	0.0002
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	0.0005
Pentaclorophenol	0.001
Toxaphene	0.003
2,4,5-TP	0.05
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.0002
Dalapon	0.2
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.006
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate	0.4
Dinoseb	0.007
Diquat	0.02
Endothall	0.1
Glyphosate	0.7
Hexachlorobenzene	0.001
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.05
Oxamyl (Vydate)	0.2
Picloram	0.5
Simazine	0.004
2,3,7,8-TCDD (Dioxin)	3 * 10-
2,5,7,5-1 CDD (DiOxiii)	8 <u>0.0000003</u>

- (2) The following are the monitoring requirements for SOCs:
- (a) Community and NTNC water systems shall analyze for SOCs at the frequency listed below. Samples shall be collected during periods of normal operating conditions from the entry point to the distribution system for each surface source or from the entry point to the distribution system representing each source of water used after any application of treatment. Samples shall be collected during the period most susceptible to pesticide contamination. Raw water analysis may be used to determine compliance if no treatment processes are used for the reduction of SOCs.
- 1. Community and NTNC water systems serving a population of less than or equal to 3,300 persons must collect one sample during each repeat compliance period if no SOCs were detected in the initial compliance period.
- 2. Community and NTNC water systems serving a population of greater than 3,300 persons must collect a minimum of two quarterly samples in one year during each repeat compliance period if no SOCs were detected in the initial compliance period.
- (b) Community and NTNC water systems using water from more than one source and blending prior to the entry point to the distribution system must sample at the entry point to the distribution system during periods of normal operating conditions. Sampling of raw water from each source may be required if a contaminant is detected.
- (c) Community and NTNC water systems shall sample all new sources for SOCs for four consecutive quarters. The system may apply for a waiver for the new source after two quarters of monitoring for any SOC which has not been detected above the monitoring trigger.
- (d) Confirmation samples may be required by the Department to confirm a negative or positive result. Confirmation samples must be collected from a point representing the source and unless investigation proves initial samples were contaminated because of conditions at the sampling site or because of sampling procedure the confirmation results will be averaged with the initial results to determine compliance.
- (e) Community and NTNC water systems may apply to the Department for a waiver from monitoring of any SOC. The waiver application should demonstrate lack of transport, storage and disposal of the contaminant in the watershed or Source Water Assessment Areas I and II as identified by the Alabama Wellhead Protection Plan. The waiver if granted shall be in effect for one compliance period and the system must reapply for the waiver for each compliance period. Reduced initial monitoring may be allowed during the compliance period for the SOCs for which the waiver is granted.
- (f) The Department may require analysis of SOCs during a specific quarter of the year.

- (g) The Department has the authority to determine compliance based on analytical results and other information compiled by Department staff.
 - (h) Non-compliance with any SOC MCL will occur when:
- 1. For systems monitoring more than once per year, compliance with the MCL is determined by a running annual average at each sampling point.
- 2. Any sample analysis exceeds the MCL, if monitoring is being conducted annually or less.
- 3. If one sampling point is in violation of an MCL, the system is in violation of the MCL.
- (i) Upon exceeding the MCL, the system must establish a treatment process using the EPA approved best available technology to achieve compliance with the MCL or cease using the source of supply in conjunction with a Department issued compliance schedule.
- (j) Repeat samples must be analyzed according to the following schedule:
- 1. If an SOC is detected above the monitoring trigger, community and NTNC water systems must monitor quarterly for the particular SOC which is detected. If related contaminants (heptachlor and heptachlor epoxide) are detected, then subsequent monitoring shall analyze for all related compounds.
- 2. Monitoring may be reduced to annually if the average of all analytical results within the past two years is less than one half the MCL and no analytical result within the past two years exceeds 75% of the MCL. Groundwater systems shall analyze a minimum of two quarterly samples and surface water systems a minimum of four quarterly samples.
- 3. Community and NTNC water systems which have three consecutive annual sample results with no detection of a SOC may apply to the Department for a waiver according to the criteria listed in rule 335-7-2-.19.
- 4. Systems serving a population of less than or equal to 3,300 persons and which are granted a waiver for a SOC which has been previously detected must collect a minimum of one sample during each repeat compliance period.
- 5. Systems serving a population of greater than 3,300 persons and which are granted a waiver for a SOC which has been previously detected must collect a minimum of two quarterly samples in one year during each repeat compliance period.
- 6. Community and NTNC water systems which exceed the MCL for a SOC shall analyze quarterly for that contaminant beginning in the next quarter after the violation occurred. Sampling may be reduced to annually if the average of all analytical results within the past two years is less than one half

of the MCL and no analytical result within the past two years exceeds 75% of the MCL. All community and NTNC water systems must analyze a minimum of four quarterly samples.

- 7. All repeat samples shall be collected at the sampling point where the detection occurred.
- (k) If a system fails to collect the required number of samples, compliance will be based on the total number of samples collected.
- (l) If a sample result is less than the detection limit, zero will be used to calculate the annual average.

Author: Joe Alan Power, Thomas S. DeLoach, Edgar K. Hughes, Dennis D. Harrison.

Statutory Authority: Code of Alabama 1975, §§ 22-23-33, 22-23-49, 22-22A-5, 22-22A-6.

History: May 23, 1977; Repealed and readopted: January 4, 1989; October 31, 1990.

Amended: September 19, 1995 (ER); November 28, 1995; December 8, 1998; effective January 25, 1999; March 12, 2002; May 30, 2003; December 12, 2005; January 22, 2008; XXXXX, 2012.